# VIET NAM'S CLAIMS AND POSITIONS RELATING TO THE SOUTH CHINA SEA DURING THE LAST 10 YEARS

Nguyen Thi Thanh Ha – Viet Nam Society of International Law

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# Viet Nam's Claims and Positions developed in Legislation

Source: Roach (2013)

### Government Statements of 1977 and 1982

Statement 1977



Delineated TS (12nm) EEZ and CS (200nm)



Affirmed sovereignty over the Paracel and Spratly Archipelagoes



The Paracel and Spratly Archipelagoes had TS, EEZ and CS



Difference concerning maritime zones to be settled through **negotiation** under international law and practices.

Statement 1982



Publicized the straight baseline for continental territory

### Declaration upon the Ratification of UNCLOS and Law of the Sea of Viet Nam

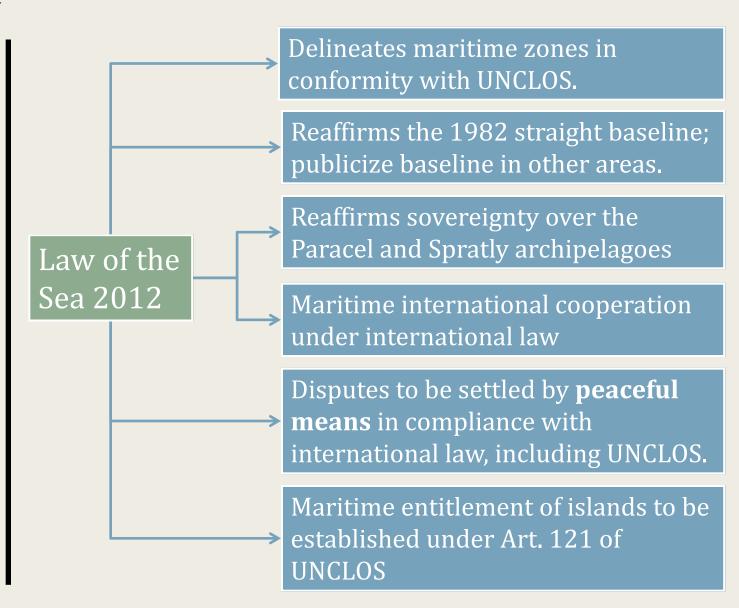




Cooperate to establish an equitable legal order and promote maritime cooperation and development



Review all national legislation and make necessary amendments



# Viet Nam's Claims and Positions in Diplomatic Documents

#### In Relation to China's "Nine-Dashed Line"

China

Note CML/17/2009

Officially publicized the "Nine-Dashed Line" map

Sovereignty: all islands and adjacent waters

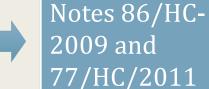
Sovereign rights and jurisdiction: waters, seabed and subsoil

Note CML/8/2011

Reaffirmed claims in Note CML/17/2009

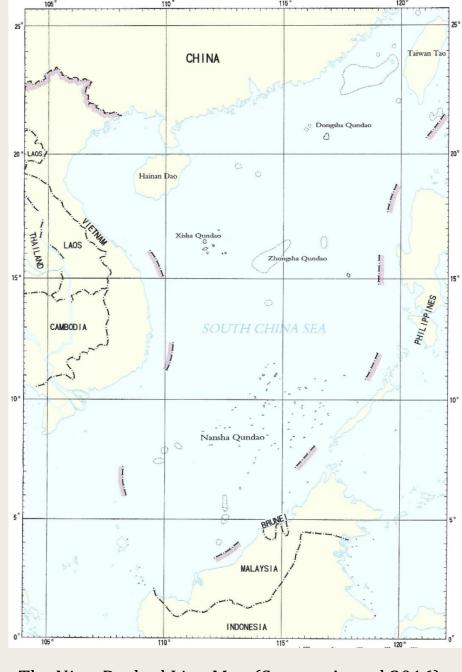
Full maritime entitlement (TS, EEZ and CS) around Spratly Archipelago

Viet Nam



Protested China's claims

Reaffirmed sovereignty over the Paracel and the Spratly



The Nine-Dashed Line Map (Source: Award 2016)

### In Relation to China's Actions to Enforce the Nine-Dash Line

China

Viet Nam

CNOOC offered for international biddings on 9 blocks in Viet Nam's CS



Note of the MOFA addressed to China's Embassy in Hanoi

2012

The inclusion of the "nine-dashed line" map in China's type E-passports



Note of the MOFA addressed to China's Embassy in Hanoi

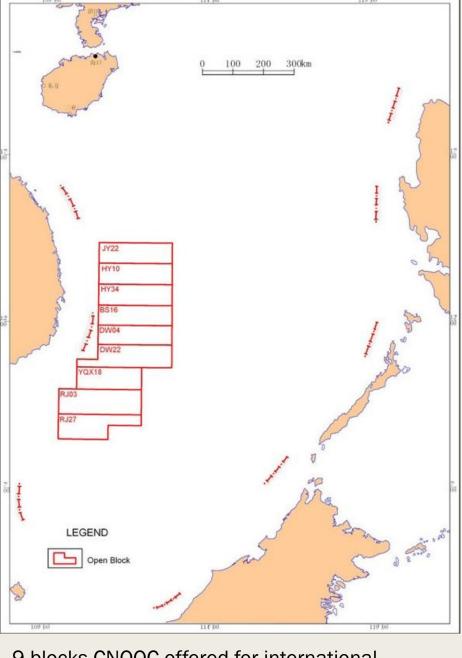
2014

The announcement by China's Hainan Province authorities

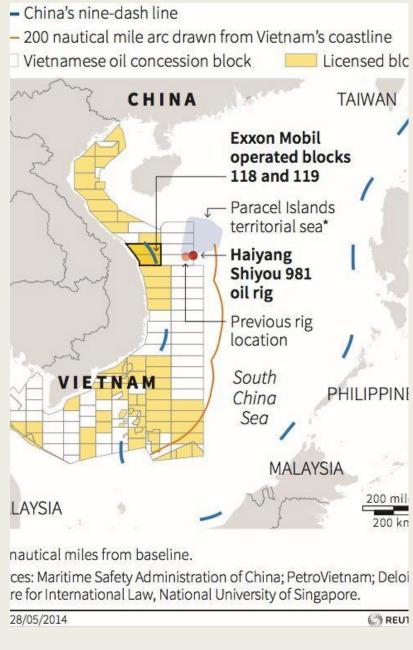
China's putative maritime jurisdiction in the area within the line



Statement of the Spokesperson of the MOFA



9 blocks CNOOC offered for international biddings(Source: Award 2016)



The deployment of Haiyang Shiyou 981 (Source: Elferink)

### In relation to China's deployment of an oil rig within Viet Nam's EEZ and CS

20 meetings of demarche with Chinese authorities

6 Letters to the UN Sec-Gen

China's deployment of Haiyang Shiyou 981 in 2014

The oil rig was operating within the EEZ and CS determined from the coast of Viet Nam

Paracel Islands under sovereignty of Viet Nam

China's straight baseline in the Paracel Islands not compatible with UNCLOS

Officially called on China to withdraw the oil rig & start negotiations with Viet Nam

Hint at possibility to use legal actions



Source: the PCA

# Statement by the Foreign Ministry to the Arbitral Tribunal in the South China Sea Case

Statement on 5 December 2014

None of features mentioned in the Philippines Memorial has EEZ and CS Supported dispute settlement under UNCLOS

Affirmed the jurisdiction of the Tribunal

Protested and rejected any claim ... based on the 'nine-dash line

Reserved
Vietnam's right
to protect its
legal rights and
intervene the
case

The decision could clarify the legal positions of the and interested the 3rd parties

### Statement of the Spokesperson of the Foreign Ministry on the Award delivered by the Arbitral Tribunal



Source: the PCA

Statement on 12 July 2016

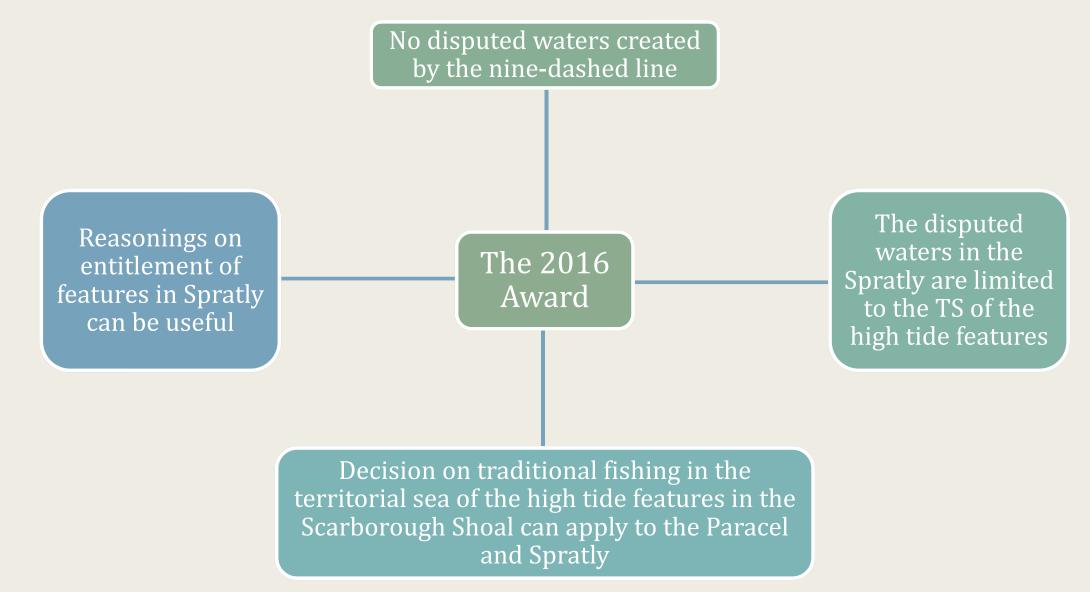
Welcomed the fact the Tribunal delivered the Award

Would make a statement on the content of this Award

Supported the settlement of disputes in the South China Sea by **peaceful means** under international law, including UNCLOS

Reaffirmed sovereignty over the Paracel and Spratly Archipelagoes; legal rights and interests relating to their features.

### Comments of the Vietnamese officials on the implications of the Award



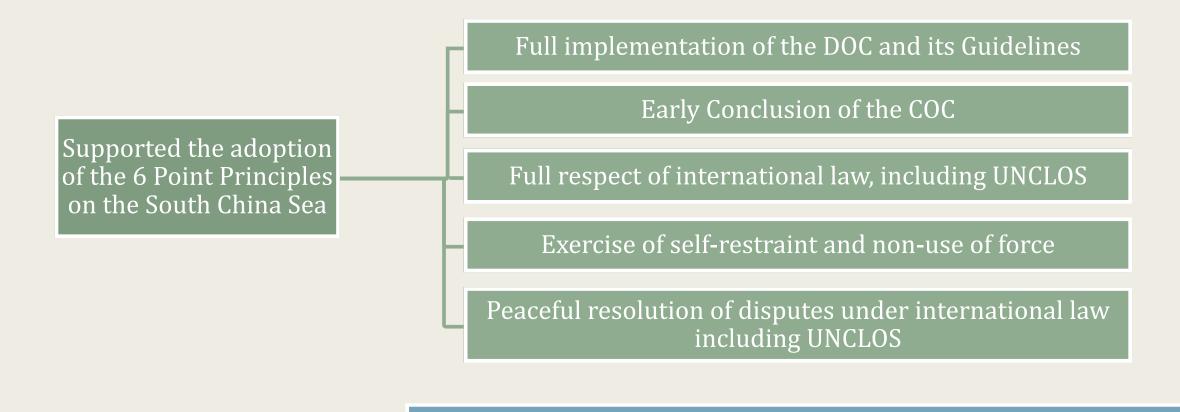
In relation to recent military activities in the South China Sea

Protested these actions Note Verbale to China's deployment of China and the military equipment on the Requested to settle disputes relating UN newly-built artificial islands to the Paracel and Spratly by negotiation, consultation or other means under international law Respected freedoms of navigation in and flight over the South China Sea under UNCLOS Real-fire military exercises Statement of the MFA and the US Navy's FONOP Called upon states to positively contribute to the maintenance of peace and stability, implement their obligations under the **HNCLOS** 

Supported AMM to emphasize the importance of **non-militarization** and self-restraint in the conduct of all activities by the claimants and all other states

## Positions relating to the CBMs in the South China Sea

#### In relation to the implementation of current instruments

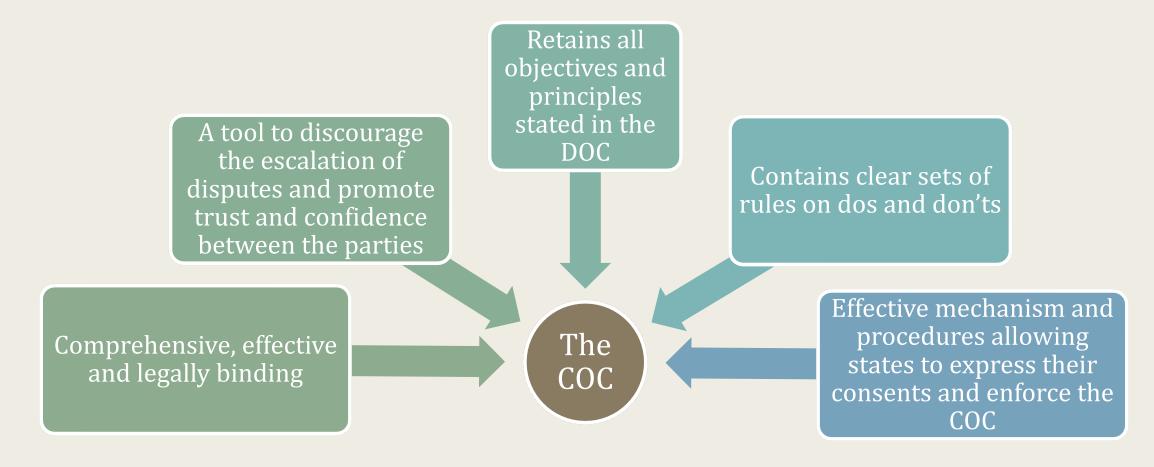


Supported the discussion and adoption

the guidelines for a hotline to respond to urgent incidents at sea

the ASEAN-China Statement on the Implementation of the Code for Unplanned Encounters at Sea

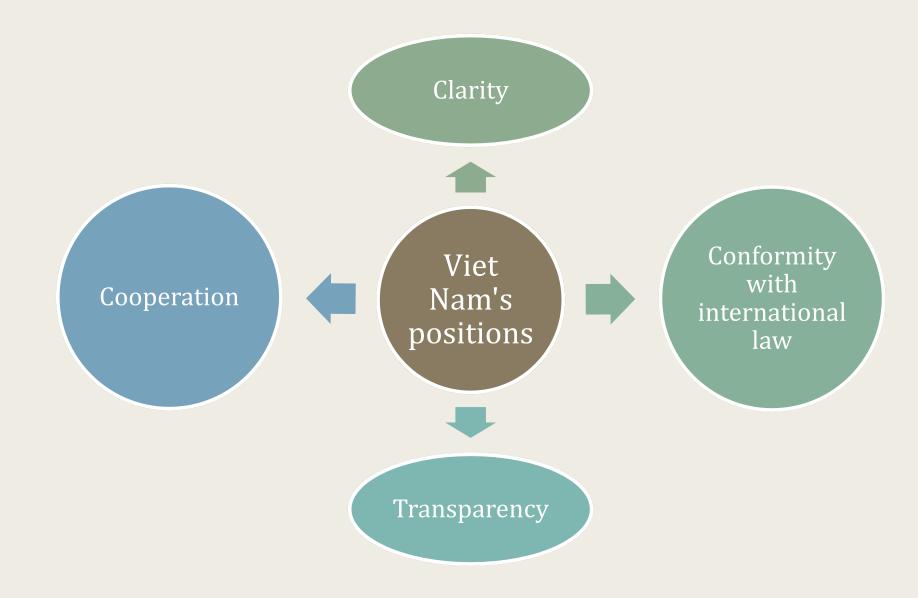
#### In relation to the negotiation of the COC



Supports the adoption of the COC Framework

Appreciates and joins efforts to work on a Single Negotiating Text

#### Conclusion



#### THANK YOU